

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Chair will entertain up to 10 one-minute requests on each side.

CHILD MODELING WEB SITE BAN

(Mr. FOLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FOLEY. Mr. Speaker, I want to bring to your attention an underground industry preying on our children, and that is exploitive child modeling Web sites. These Web sites contain images of young girls as young as 4 years of age wearing only their underwear, tiny bathing suits or other suggestive clothing, posing in sexually provocative ways. In most cases, these Web sites are nothing more than child pornography hiding under the guise of child modeling. These Web sites do not sell products, they do not sell services, and they serve our young people on a platter for America's most depraved. These Web sites are nothing more than a fix for pedophiles.

Let us be clear. These are not Web sites used for the modeling industry. No child has been hired as a bona fide model. They are only used to exploit these children.

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In fact, these web sites are nothing more than gateways to child and adult pornography.

I have recently introduced legislation that would ban these sites once and for all, the Child Modeling Exploitation Act. This bill will not harm legitimate modeling nor families from being able to post photos of their families on the Internet, but the legislation has been carefully crafted to prevent exploiters from being able to use our children as sexual objects for money.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 623

Mr. ROSS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to have my name removed as a cosponsor of H.R. 623.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. CULBERSON). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Arkansas?

There was no objection.

ENDING THE CYCLE OF VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN

(Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ of California asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ of California. Mr. Speaker, this week marks Stop Violence Against Women Week. I rise to show my support for victims of domestic violence. I grew up in a large family. I am the sixth of seven children, and my family has always sup-

ported me. Nothing can replace the strength you draw from those that you love and trust. Tragically, it is even more devastating if family members or significant others violate this trust and become abusive.

Domestic violence is an enormous problem in this country, one that deserves immediate attention. According to the American College of Emergency Physicians, domestic violence is the largest cause of injury to women between the ages of 15 and 44 in the United States, more than car accidents, muggings and rapes combined.

Each year, between 2 million and 4 million women are battered, and 2,000 of those women will die from their injuries. Nearly one-third of American women will experience intimate partner violence in their lifetime.

We can no longer afford to ignore this issue. This year is especially important because 2005 marks the tenth anniversary of the Violence Against Women Act. Later this year, VAWA will come up for reauthorization. I urge my colleagues to do their part to support VAWA and support the efforts of women's advocates and to end the cycle of violence.

STRENGTHENING HEMOPHILIA RESEARCH

(Mr. PRICE of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PRICE of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, as a physician and an orthopedic surgeon for over 20 years, I have seen hemophilia countless times. What is hemophilia? It is a hereditary disease which makes it so blood does not clot. Small wounds and punctures are usually not a problem, but larger wounds or uncontrolled internal bleeding can result in pain, swelling, permanent damage or even death.

The CDC has a program, Prevention's Hereditary Blood Disorders. And it serves as the frontline for treatment for bleeding and clotting disorders with a national network of over 140 hemophilia treatment centers.

Study after study has shown that these centers work extremely well. Mortality and morbidity rates have declined by 40 percent.

Mr. Speaker, these hemophilia treatment centers are vital for patients and for the medical community. They have a strong record of success that has a foundation of over 30 years of experience, and it continues to grow every day. We need to do everything we can to make certain that Americans continue to receive this access to quality care.

MAKING RESPONSIBLE DECISIONS REGARDING SOCIAL SECURITY

(Mr. CHANDLER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CHANDLER. Mr. Speaker, as many of you may know, the President is in my home State of Kentucky today talking about the need to reform Social Security. He is trying to convince Americans that the program is in crisis and that privatization is the only way to make sure Social Security remains strong.

What the President is not telling the public is that privatization may cause families all across America to lose their retirement savings on the stock market.

When I think of Social Security, I think of Samuel Insko from Lancaster, Kentucky, who voted for the President but now believes that the President has turned his back on America. He worked all his life in Kentucky until one day he was injured and could no longer work.

Social Security saved him. He says he would be homeless and broke without Social Security. Privatization would harm Samuel Insko as well as all of our children and grandchildren, who would be saddled with trillions of dollars in debt.

The President is trying to mortgage away our future by proposing a plan that would add \$4.8 trillion to our national debt over the next 20 years. If we want America to remain prosperous, we need to make responsible decisions that do not tie the hands of future generations.

SAVE TERRI SCHIAVO

(Mr. PITTS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PITTS. Mr. Speaker, we live in an age where some take life for granted. Today, some would stand by and let Terri Schiavo starve to death. They do not believe her life is worth saving. But listen to a quote from her attorney who visited with her.

"When her mother was close to her, Terri's whole face lit up. She smiled. She looked directly at her mother and made all sorts of happy sounds. When her mother talked to her, Terri was quiet and obviously listening. When she stopped, Terri started vocalizing. The vocalizations seemed to be a pattern, not merely random or reflexive at all. There is definitely a pattern of Terri having a conversation with her mother as best she can manage."

Terri Schiavo is alive. She responds to people. She breathes on her own. Her heart beats on its own. All she needs is a feeding tube.

If we allow a judge to order her to die, what are we saying about life? Those with disabilities, even severe disabilities, have a right to life, just like everyone else in this Chamber.

We need to save Terri Schiavo and pass legislation immediately to save her life.